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Applicant:

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Group Art Unit:

1711

Examiner:

BERMAN, Susan

Title:

ULTRA HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT POLYETHYLENE

MOLDED ARTICLE FOR ARTIFICIAL JOINTS AND

METHOD OF PREPARING THE SAME

Attorney Docket:

1736-000001/REC

APPENDIX A TO AMENDMENT FILED OCTOBER 18, 2005 COPY OF PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED NEW CLAIMS AS FILED ON AUGUST 19, 2003

Dear Sir:

In response to the Office Action mailed May 18, 2005, attached is a copy of the claim listing containing new claims as filed with the August 19, 2003 reissue application, underlined in their entirety.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1-11. (cancelled)

- 12. (new) An orthopedic preformed material for subsequent production of a medical implant with improved wear resistance, said preformed material is a polyethylene crosslinked by irradiation, and thermally treated according to the method selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting.
- 13. (new) The orthopedic preformed material of Claim 12, wherein said preformed material is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 14. (new) The orthopedic material of Claim 12, wherein said thermal treatment is remelting.
- 15. (new) The orthopedic material of Claim 12, wherein said thermal treatment is annealing.
- 16. (new) The orthopedic material of Claim 12, wherein said polyethylene is ultra high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE).
- 17. (new) A medical implant having a bearing surface with improved wear resistance, said bearing surface comprising a solid polyethylene which has been previously crosslinked by irradiation and subsequently remelted.
 - 18. (new) The medical implant of Claim 17, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.

- 19. (new) The medical implant of Claim 18, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma irradiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 20. (new) The medical implant of Claim 19, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 21. (new) The medical implant of Claim 17, where said polyethylene is remelted at a temperature from the melting temperature of the irradiated polyethylene to about 80° C above the melting temperature of the irradiated polyethylene.
- 22. (new) The medical implant of Claim 17, wherein a layer of the crosslinked and remelted polyethylene is removed during processing into an implant.
- 23. (new) The medical implant of Claim 17, wherein said implant is a component for use in a joint prosthesis.
- 24. (new) The medical implant of Claim 23, wherein said component is a bearing component.
- 25. (new) The medical implant of Claim 24, wherein said joint prosthesis is selected from the group consisting of: hip and knee joint prostheses.
- 26. (new) The medical implant of Claim 25, wherein the implant is an acetabular cup.
- 27. (new) A medical implant having a bearing surface with improved wear resistance, said bearing surface comprising a solid polyethylene which has been previously crosslinked by irradiation and subsequently annealed.

- 28. (new) A medical implant of Claim 27, wherein said polyethylene has been previously crosslinked by irradiation and subsequently heated to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said irradiated polyethylene and the melting temperature of said irradiated polyethylene.
- 29. (new) A medical implant of Claim 27, wherein said polyethylene has previously been crosslinked by irradiation and subsequently isothermally treated at a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of time from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 30. (new) The medical implant of Claim 27, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.
- 31. (new) The medical implant of Claim 27, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation of at least about 1MR.
- 32. (new) The medical implant of Claim 31, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 33. (new) The medical implant of Claim 27, wherein a layer of the crosslinked and annealed polyethylene is removed during processing into an implant.
- 34. (new) The medical implant of Claim 27, wherein said implant is a component for use in a joint prosthesis.
- 35. (new) The medical implant of Claim 34, wherein said component is a load-bearing component.
- 36. (new) The medical implant of Claim 35, wherein said joint prosthesis is selected from the group consisting of: hip and knee joint prostheses.

- 37. (new) The medical implant of Claim 36, wherein the implant is an acetabular cup.
- 38. (new) A method for increasing the wear resistance of a preformed polyethylene comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking said polyethylene by irradiating it in a solid state; and
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked polyethylene to thermal treatment which is selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting.
- 39. (new) The method of Claim 38, wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation.
- 40. (new) The method of Claim 39, wherein the gamma irradiation is at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 41. (new) The method of Claim 40, wherein the gamma irradiation is at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 42. (new) The method of Claim 38, wherein said thermal treatment comprises annealing the crosslinked preformed polyethylene.
- 43. (new) The method of Claim 38, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said polyethylene to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polymer and about the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polyethylene.
- 44. (new) The method of Claim 38, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said polyethylene to a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.

- 45. (new) The method of Claim 38, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.
- 46. (new) A method for increasing the wear resistance of an orthopedic preformed polyethylene polymer, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking the preformed polyethylene polymer by irradiating it in a solid state;
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked preformed polymer to thermal treatment
 which is selected from the group consisting of: annealing and
 remelting; and
 - (c) removing the surface of the thermally treated crosslinked preformed polymer wherein said polymer is polyethylene.
 - 47. (new) The method of Claim 46, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.
- 48. (new) The method of Claim 46, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 49. (new) The method of Claim 48, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 50. (new) The method of Claim 46, wherein said polyethylene is remelted at a temperature from the melting temperature of the irradiated polyethylene to about 80° C above the melting temperature of said irradiated polyethylene.
- 51. (new) The method of Claim 46, wherein said polyethylene is heated to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polyethylene below and the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polyethylene.

- 52. (new) The method of Claim 46, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said polyethylene to a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 53. (new) A method for increasing the wear resistance of a preformed polymer, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking said preformed polymer by irradiating it in its solid state; and
 - (b) remelting said crosslinked polymer, said polymer being polyethylene.
- 54. (new) The method of Claim 53, wherein said remelting temperature is between the melting temperature of the irradiated polymer to about 80° C above the melting temperature of said irradiated polymer.
- 55. (new) The method of Claim 53, wherein said preformed polymer is UHMWPE.
- 56. (new) The method of Claim 53, wherein the preformed polymer is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 57. (new) The method of Claim 56, wherein the preformed polymer is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.

- 58. (new) A preformed polyethylene made according to a method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a starting polyethylene by irradiating it in a solid state to form a crosslinked polyethylene; and
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked polyethylene to thermal treatment which is selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting; wherein said preformed polyethylene has improved wear resistance over untreated polyethylene.
- 59. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 58, wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation.
- 60. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 59, wherein said gamma irradiation is at a dose of from at least about 1 MR.
- 61. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 60, wherein said gamma irradiation is at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 62. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 58, wherein said thermal treatment comprises annealing said crosslinked polyethylene.
- 63. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 58, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said crosslinked polyethylene to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said irradiated polyethylene and the melting temperature of said irradiated polyethylene.
- 64. (new) The preformed polyethylene of Claim 58, whenever said thermal treatment comprises heating said polyethylene to a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
 - 65. (new) The method of Claim 58, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.

- 66. (new) A preformed polyethylene polymer made according to a method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a starting polyethylene polymer by irradiating in the presence of oxygen in a solid state to form a crosslinked polymer;
 - (b) subjecting said crosslinked polymer to thermal treatment selected
 from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting the
 crosslinked polymer; and
 - (c) removing the oxidized surface of the crosslinked polymer.
- 67. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 66, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.
- 68. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 67, wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 69. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 68, wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 70. (new) A preformed polymer made according to the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a starting polymer by irradiating it in a solid state to form a crosslinked polymer; and
 - (b) remelting the crosslinked polymer, wherein said polymer is polyethylene.
- 71. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 70, wherein the remelting temperature is between the melting temperature of the irradiated polymer to about 80° C above the melting temperature of the irradiated polymer.

- 72. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 71, wherein said polymer is UHMWPE.
- 73. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 70, wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 74. (new) The preformed polymer of Claim 73 wherein said crosslinking is by gamma irradiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 75. (new) An implantable load bearing component made by the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a preformed polyethylene in its solid state;
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked polyethylene to thermal treatment selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting; and
 - (c) fashioning the implantable bearing component from the crosslinked and thermally treated polyethylene.
- 76. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein said polyethylene is UHMWPE.
- 77. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 78. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 77, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 79. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein said thermal treatment is remelting.

- 80. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein said polyethylene is heated to a température between about 50° C below the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polyethylene below and the melting temperature of said irradiated preformed polyethylene.
- 81. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein said polyethylene is isothermally treated at a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 82. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 75, wherein the implantable bearing component is for use in a joint prosthesis.
- 83. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 82, wherein said joint prosthesis is selected from the group consisting of: hip and knee joint prostheses.
- 84. (new) The implantable bearing component of Claim 83, wherein the implantable bearing component is an acetabular cup.
 - 85. (new) A product made by the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a preformed polymer by irradiating it in a solid state:
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked polymer to thermal treatment selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting;
 - (c) removing the oxidized surface of the crosslinked polymer; and
 - (d) fashioning the product from the crosslinked and thermally treated polymer; wherein said polymer polyethylene.
 - 86. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said polymer is UHMWPE.
- 87. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said polymer is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.

- 88. (new) The product of Claim 87, wherein said polymer is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 89. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said thermal treatment is remelting.
- 90. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said thermal treatment comprises annealing said crosslinked polyethylene.
- 91. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said crosslinked polyethylene to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said irradiated polyethylene and the melting temperature of said irradiated polyethylene.
- 92. (new) The product of Claim 85, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said polyethylene to a temperature from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 93. (new) A medical implant having a bearing surface with improved wear resistance, said implant being made according to the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) crosslinking a preformed polyethylene polymer by irradiating it in a solid state;
 - (b) subjecting the crosslinked polymer to thermal treatment selected from the group consisting of: annealing and remelting:
 - (c) removing the oxidized surface of the crosslinked polymer; and
 - (d) fashioning the implant from the crosslinked and thermally treated polymer.
- 94. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said polymer is UHMWPE.

- 95. (new) The medical implant of Claim 94, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of at least about 1 MR.
- 96. (new) The medical implant of Claim 95, wherein said polyethylene is crosslinked by gamma radiation at a dose of from about 1 to about 5 MR.
- 97. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said thermal treatment is remelting.
- 98. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said thermal treatment comprises annealing said crosslinked polyethylene.
- 99. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said crosslinked polyethylene to a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said irradiated polyethylene and the melting temperature of said irradiated polyethylene.
- 100. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said thermal treatment comprises heating said crosslinked polyethylene to a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 101. (new) The medical implant of Claim 93, wherein said medical implant is for use in a joint prosthesis.
- 102. (new) The medical implant of Claim 101, wherein said joint prosthesis is selected from the group consisting of: hip and knee joint prostheses.
- 103. (new) The medical implant of Claim 102, wherein the implant is an acetabular cup.

- 104. (new) A method for making an ultrahigh molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) article, for subsequent processing to make a medical implant, comprising:
 - (a) irradiating a raw article comprising UHMWPE; and
 - (b) heating said article to a temperature of from about 50° C below the melting point of said article to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 105. (new) A method according to Claim 104, wherein said heating is at a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said article and said melting point.
- 106. (new) A method according to Claim 105, wherein said heating is at a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 107. (new) A method according to Claim 104, wherein said heating is at a temperature from about said melting point to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 108. (new) A method according to Claim 104, wherein said temperature is a compression deformable temperature.
- 109. (new) A method according to Claim 108, wherein pressure is applied during said heating step.
- 110. (new) A method according to Claim 109, wherein said article is isothermally heated after said pressure is applied.
- 111. (new) A method according to Claim 110, wherein said isothermal treatment comprises heating said article to a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.

- 112. (new) An ultra high molecular weight polyethylene article made by the process of Claim 104.
- 113. (new) An article according to Claim 112 having a wear factor of less than about 9.6×10^{-7} .
- 114. (new) A method for making an ultra high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) article which is suitable for subsequent processing to make a medical implant, so as to improve the wear resistance properties of said article, comprising:
 - (a) irradiating a raw article comprising UHMWPE; and
 - (b) heating said article to a temperature of from about 50° C below the melting point of said article to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 115. (new) A method according to Claim 114, wherein said heating is at a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said article and said melting point.
- 116. (new) A method according to Claim 115, wherein said heating is at a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 117. (new) A method according to Claim 114, wherein said heating is at a temperature from about said melting point to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 118. (new) A method according to Claim 114, wherein said temperature is a compression deformable temperature.
- 119. (new) A method according to Claim 118, wherein pressure is applied during said heating step.

- 120. (new) An UHMWPE article made by a process of Claim 114.
- 121. (new) An UHMWPE article according to Claim 120 having a wear factor of less than about 9.6×10^{-7} .
- 122. (new) A method of making a component for an artificial joint comprising ultra high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE), comprising:
 - (a) irradiating a raw article comprising UHMWPE;
 - (b) heating said article to a temperature of from about 50° C below the melting point of said article to about 80° C above said melting point; and
 - (c) processing said article to make said component.
- 123. (new) A method according to Claim 122, wherein said heating is at a temperature between about 50° C below the melting point of said article and said melting point.
- 124. (new) A method according to Claim 123, wherein said heating is at a temperature of from about 100°C to about 130°C for a period of from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 125. (new) A method according to Claim 122, wherein said heating is at a temperature from about said melting point to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 126. (new) A method according to Claim 122, wherein said temperature is a compression deformable temperature.
- 127. (new) A method according to Claim 126, wherein pressure is applied during said heating step.

- 128. (new) A component for an artificial joint, wherein said component is made by a process according to Claim 122.
- 129. (new) A component for an artificial joint according to Claim 128, having a wear factor of less than about 9.6 x 10⁻⁷.
- 130. (new) A method for making an ultrahigh molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) article, for subsequent processing to make a medical implant, comprising:
 - (a) irradiating a raw article comprising UHMWPE; and
 - (b) heating said article to a temperature of from about 100° C to about 130° C for a period of at least about 1 hour.
- 131. (new) A method according to Claim 130, wherein said heating step comprises heating said article for from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 132. (new) A method according to Claim 130, wherein said article is cooled at a constant rate after said heating step.
- 133. (new) A method according to Claim 132, wherein said cooling is at a rate of about 1° C/minute.
- 134. (new) A method according to Claim 130, additionally comprising a step, prior to said heating step, comprising applying pressure to said irradiated article at a deformation temperature.
- 135. (new) A method according to Claim 134, wherein said deformation temperature is between about 50° C below the melting point of said article and said melting point.
- 136. (new) A method according to Claim 134, wherein said deformation temperature is from about said melting point to about 80° C above said melting point.

- 137. (new) A UHMWPE article made by a process according to Claim 130.
- 138. (new) A UHMWPE article according to Claim 137 having a wear factor of less than about 9.6×10^{-7} .
- 139. (new) A method of making a component for an artificial joint comprising ultrahigh molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE), comprising:
 - (a) irradiating a raw article comprising UHMWPE; and
 - (b) heating said article to a temperature of from about 100° C to about 130° C for a period of at least about 1 hour; and
 - (c) processing said article to make said component.
- 140. (new) A method according to Claim 139, wherein said heating step comprises heating said article for from about 1 hour to about 20 hours.
- 141. (new) A method according to Claim 139, wherein said article is cooled at a constant rate after said heating step.
- 142. (new) A method according to Claim 141, wherein said cooling is at a rate of about 1° C/minute.
- 143. (new) A method according to Claim 139, additionally comprising a step, prior to said heating step, comprising applying pressure to said irradiated article at a deformation temperature.
- 144. (new) A method according to Claim 143, wherein said deformation temperature is between about 50° C below the melting point of said article and said melting point.

- 145. (new) A method according to Claim 143, wherein said deformation temperature is from about said melting point to about 80° C above said melting point.
- 146. (new) A component for a medical implant made by a process according to Claim 139.
 - 147. (new) A component for a joint prosthetic device according to Claim 146.
- 148. (new) A component for an artificial joint according to Claim 146 having a wear factor of less than about 9.6×10^{-7} .